NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

s21bb

1 Purpose

s21bb returns a value of the symmetrised elliptic integral of the first kind, via the function name.

2 Syntax

[result, ifail] =
$$s21bb(x, y, z)$$

3 Description

s21bb calculates an approximation to the integral

$$R_F(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{\sqrt{(t+x)(t+y)(t+z)}}$$

where $x, y, z \ge 0$ and at most one is zero.

The basic algorithm, which is due to Carlson 1979 and Carlson 1988, is to reduce the arguments recursively towards their mean by the rule:

$$x_0 = \min(x, y, z), \qquad z_0 = \max(x, y, z),$$

 $y_0 =$ remaining third intermediate value argument.

(This ordering, which is possible because of the symmetry of the function, is done for technical reasons related to the avoidance of overflow and underflow.)

$$\mu_{n} = (x_{n} + y_{n} + 3z_{n})/3$$

$$X_{n} = (1 - x_{n})/\mu_{n}$$

$$Y_{n} = (1 - y_{n})/\mu_{n}$$

$$Z_{n} = (1 - z_{n})/\mu_{n}$$

$$\lambda_{n} = \sqrt{x_{n}y_{n}} + \sqrt{y_{n}z_{n}} + \sqrt{z_{n}x_{n}}$$

$$x_{n+1} = (x_{n} + \lambda_{n})/4$$

$$y_{n+1} = (y_{n} + \lambda_{n})/4$$

$$z_{n+1} = (z_{n} + \lambda_{n})/4$$

 $\epsilon_n = \max(|X_n|, |Y_n|, |Z_n|)$ and the function may be approximated adequately by a fifth order power series:

$$R_F(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_n}} \left(1 - \frac{E_2}{10} + \frac{{E_2}^2}{24} - \frac{3E_2E_3}{44} + \frac{E_3}{14} \right)$$

where
$$E_2 = X_n Y_n + Y_n Z_n + Z_n X_n$$
, $E_3 = X_n Y_n Z_n$.

The truncation error involved in using this approximation is bounded by $\epsilon_n^6/4(1-\epsilon_n)$ and the recursive process is stopped when this truncation error is negligible compared with the **machine precision**.

Within the domain of definition, the function value is itself representable for all representable values of its arguments. However, for values of the arguments near the extremes the above algorithm must be modified so as to avoid causing underflows or overflows in intermediate steps. In extreme regions arguments are prescaled away from the extremes and compensating scaling of the result is done before returning to the calling program.

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A 1972 Handbook of Mathematical Functions (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

Carlson B C 1979 Computing elliptic integrals by duplication Numerische Mathematik 33 1-16

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Carlson B C 1988 A table of elliptic integrals of the third kind Math. Comput. 51 267–280

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: x - double scalar

2: **v** – **double scalar**

3: z - double scalar

The arguments x, y and z of the function.

Constraint: \mathbf{x} , \mathbf{y} , $\mathbf{z} \ge 0.0$ and only one of \mathbf{x} , \mathbf{y} and \mathbf{z} may be zero.

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

None.

5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

None.

5.4 Output Parameters

1: result - double scalar

The result of the function.

2: ifail - int32 scalar

0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

ifail = 1

On entry, one or more of x, y and z is negative; the function is undefined.

ifail = 2

On entry, two or more of x, y and z are zero; the function is undefined. On soft failure, the function returns zero.

7 Accuracy

In principle s21bb is capable of producing full *machine precision*. However round-off errors in internal arithmetic will result in slight loss of accuracy. This loss should never be excessive as the algorithm does not involve any significant amplification of round-off error. It is reasonable to assume that the result is accurate to within a small multiple of the *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

You should consult the S Chapter Introduction which shows the relationship of this function to the classical definitions of the elliptic integrals.

If two arguments are equal, the function reduces to the elementary integral R_C , computed by s21ba.

s21bb.2 [NP3663/21]

9 Example

```
x = 0.5;
y = 1;
z = 1.5;
[result, ifail] = s2lbb(x, y, z)

result =
    1.0281
ifail =
    0
```

[NP3663/21] s21bb.3 (last)